WINTER PREPAREDNESS

Prepare your home and family

Ahead of the season:

- □ Winterize your home by insulating walls and attics, caulking and weather-stripping doors and windows. Install storm windows or cover windows with plastic.
- □ Winterize barns, sheds, or any other structure that could provide shelter for your family, neighbors, livestock or equipment.
- □ Secure an alternate fuel source such as firewood or a generator. Or both. That means to have a two-week supply of dry, seasoned wood for your fireplace or wood-burning stove or a two-week supply of pellets for your pellet stove and a battery to power its fans.
- \Box Learn how to shut off water valves (in case a pipe bursts).
- □ Know ahead of time what you should do to help elderly or disabled friends, neighbors or employees.
- □ Clear rain gutters; repair roof leaks and cut away tree branches that could fall on a house or other structure during a storm.
- □ Insulate pipes and allow faucets to drip a little during cold weather to avoid freezing.
- \Box Keep fire extinguishers on hand, and make sure everyone in your house knows how to use them.
- □ Check the structural ability of the roof to sustain unusually heavy weight from the accumulation of snow or water, if drains on flat roofs do not work.

Now:

- □ Prepare for possible isolation in your home by having sufficient heating fuel (regular fuel sources may be cut off).
- \Box Stock some sand by the front door.
- \Box Check snow shovels and other snow removal equipment.

Prepare your car

- \Box Check antifreeze protection
- □ Check the battery, charging, and ignition system; make sure battery terminals are clean
- □ Check the exhaust system: Carbon monoxide is deadly, invisible, and odor free; check for leaks and crimped pipes.
- \Box Replace fuel and air filters
- □ Keep water out of the system by using additives and maintaining a full tank of gas. The higher the ethanol level in your gasoline the more water it will attract.
- \Box Check heater and defroster operation.
- □ Check lights and flashing hazard light operation.
- \Box Check the oil.
- \Box Check the thermostat.
- \Box Replace windshield wiper blade inserts and fill the washer fluid tank.
- \Box Switch to your winter tires.

(Maintain at least a half tank of gas during the winter season.)

Place a winter emergency kit in each car

- \Box battery powered radio
- \Box blanket(s)
- \Box boots
- \Box booster cables
- \Box emergency flares
- \Box extra batteries
- $\Box\,$ extra hats, socks and mittens
- □ first aid kit with pocket knife
- \Box flashlight
- \Box fluorescent distress flag or triangles
- \Box kindling for a fire
- \Box matches
- □ necessary medications
- \Box road salt and sand
- \Box shovel
- \Box small pan to melt snow
- \Box snack food
- \Box tow chain or rope
- \Box water (it doesn't matter if it freezes)
- $\hfill\square$ windshield scraper and small broom

Dress for the Weather

- \Box Wear a hat.
- \Box Cover your mouth with a scarf to protect your lungs.
- □ Wear several layers of loose fitting, lightweight, warm clothing rather than one layer of heavy clothing. The outer garments should be tightly woven and water repellent.
- \Box Wear mittens, which are warmer than gloves.

Practice Outside Safety

- □ Avoid overexertion so take breaks when shoveling heavy snow, pushing a car, or walking in deep snow. Sweating could lead to chill and hypothermia.
- □ Cold weather also puts extra strain on the heart, so the elderly and those with heart conditions should be especially cautious when out in the cold.
- \Box Walk carefully on snowy, icy sidewalks.
- □ Wear loose-fitting, lightweight warm clothing in layers, with a waterproof outer layer.
- \Box Wear wool hat and mittens.
- □ Keep your clothes dry. Change wet socks and clothing quickly to prevent loss of body heat.
- □ Understand the hazards of wind chill. As wind speed increases, heat is carried away from a person's body more rapidly.

If Stranded Outside

- \Box Try to stay dry and cover all exposed parts of the body.
- \Box Prepare a windbreak or snow cave for protection from the wind.
- \Box Build a fire for heat and to attract attention.
- □ Do not eat snow. It will lower your body temperature. Melt it first over your fire.

File a "Float Plan"

□ Tell someone where you are going and when you expect to return every time you leave the house.

Richard B. Harper, 2011

